

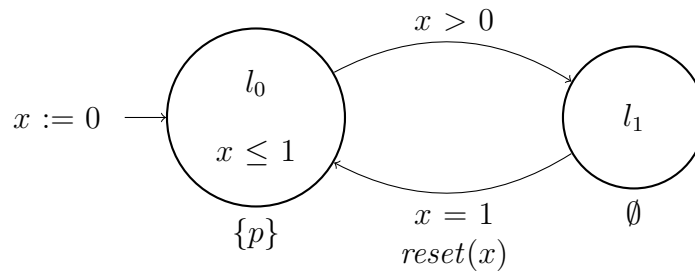


Modeling and Analysis of Hybrid Systems - SS 2015

Series 4

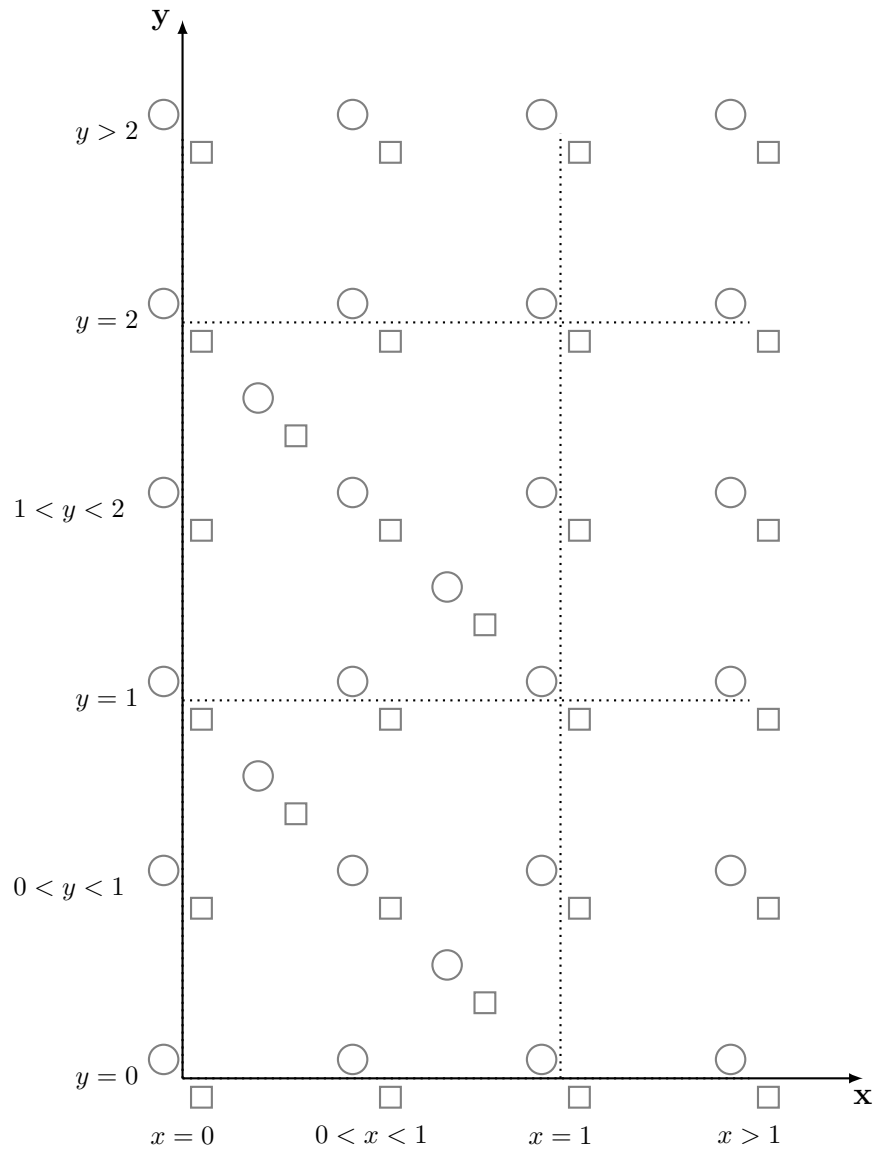
Exercise 1

Consider the following timed automaton \mathcal{T} :



Please perform the TCTL model checking algorithm as presented in the lecture on \mathcal{T} and verify $\mathcal{T} \models \varphi$, where $\varphi = AF^{\leq 2}p$.

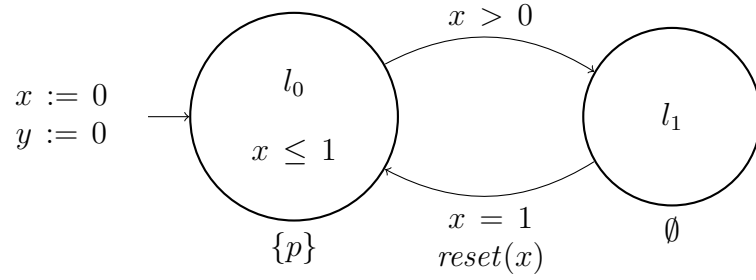
- a) Construct $\hat{\varphi}$ by eliminating timing parameters from φ . Use the name y for the auxiliary clock.
- b) Construct a *RTS* \mathcal{R} , such that $\mathcal{T} \models_{TCTL} \varphi$ iff $\mathcal{R} \models_{CTL} \hat{\varphi}$. As \mathcal{R} will become big, use the prepared grid below to sketch the *RTS* (by adding the required transitions) as follows:
 - \bigcirc represents a state, where the location is l_0 .
 - \square represents a state, where the location is l_1 .
 - The position of a state in the grid remarks, which clock region the state represents.
 - Please draw only the reachable fragment of \mathcal{R} .



c) Apply CTL model checking to verify $\mathcal{R} \models_{CTL} \hat{\varphi}$. You can color states in your previously created *RTS* to indicate that a certain subformula holds in the respective state.

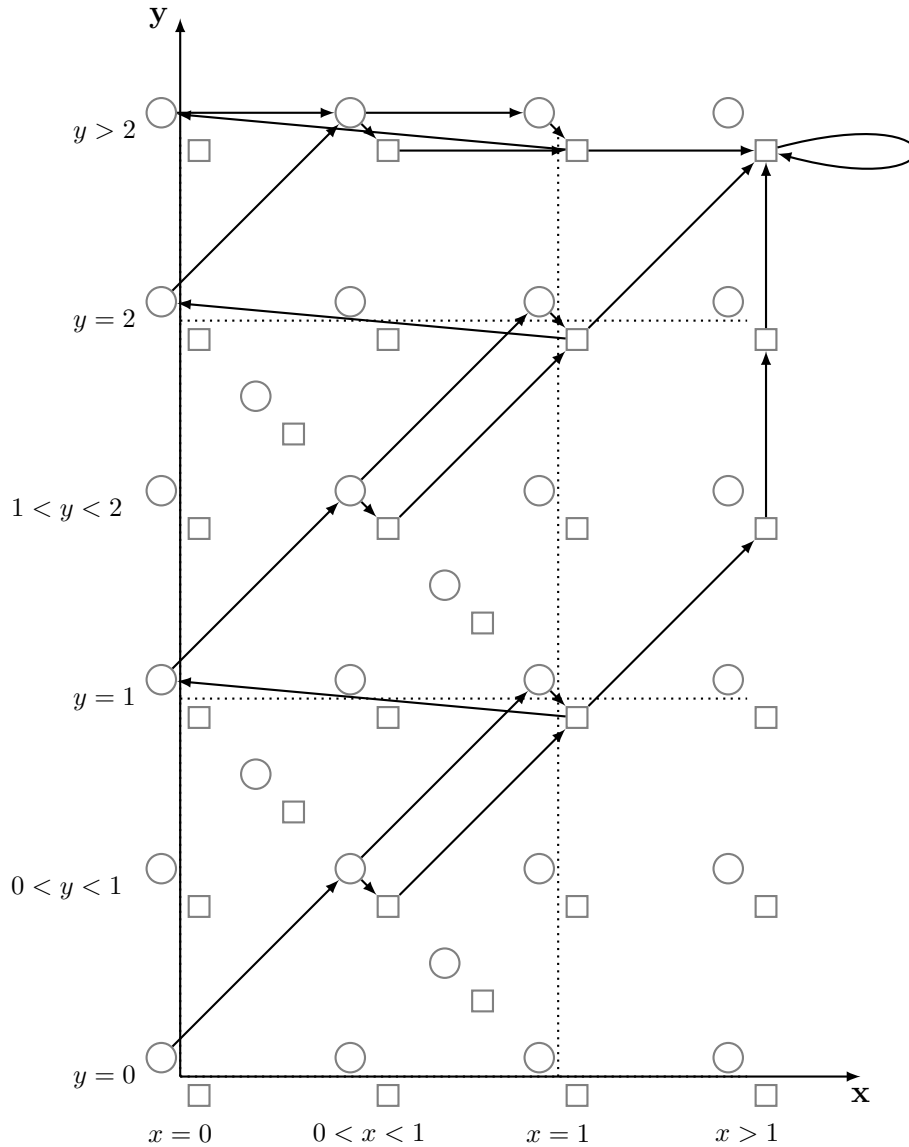
Solution:

a) We add an additional clock y to \mathcal{T} , such that \mathcal{T}' :

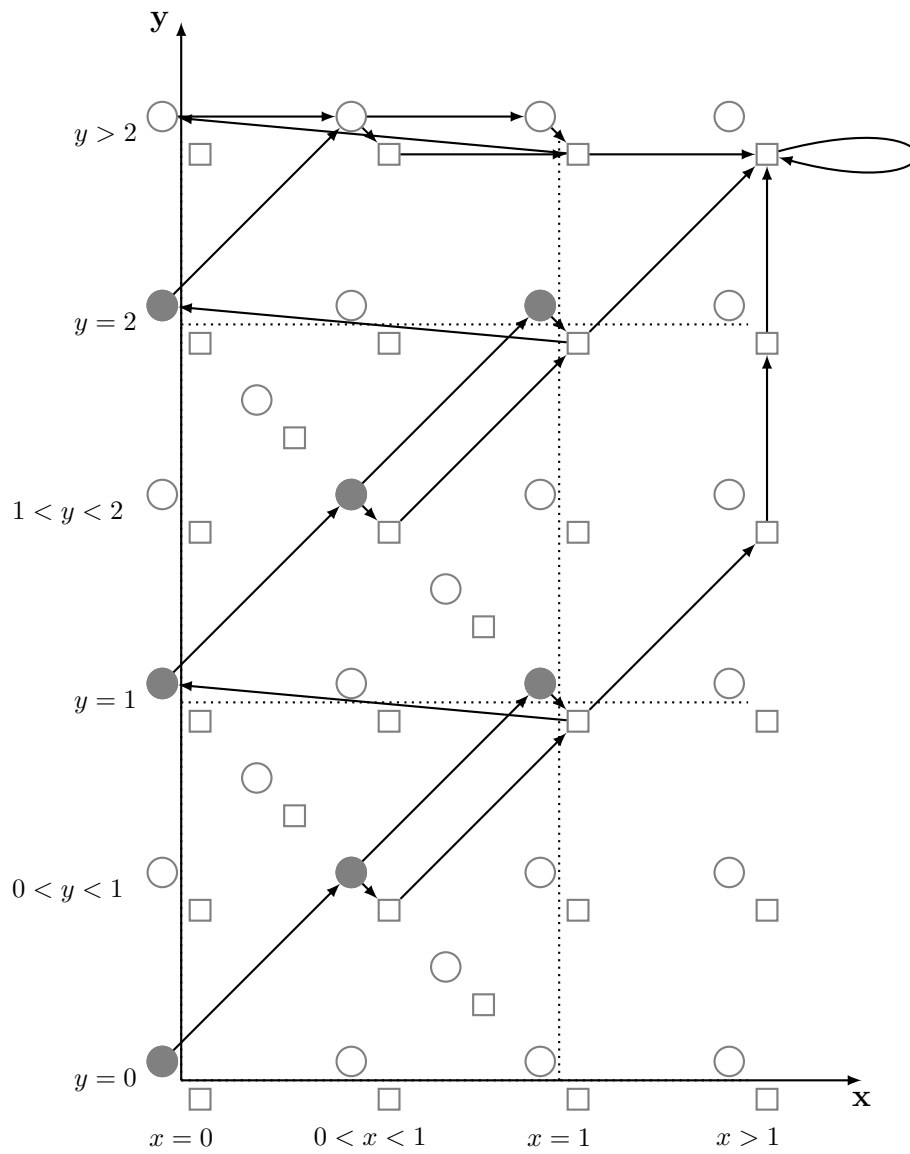


Removing syntactic sugar from φ yields $\varphi = A(\text{true } U^{\leq 2} p)$ and finally removing time parameters yields $\hat{\varphi} = A(\text{true } U ((y \leq 2) \wedge p))$.

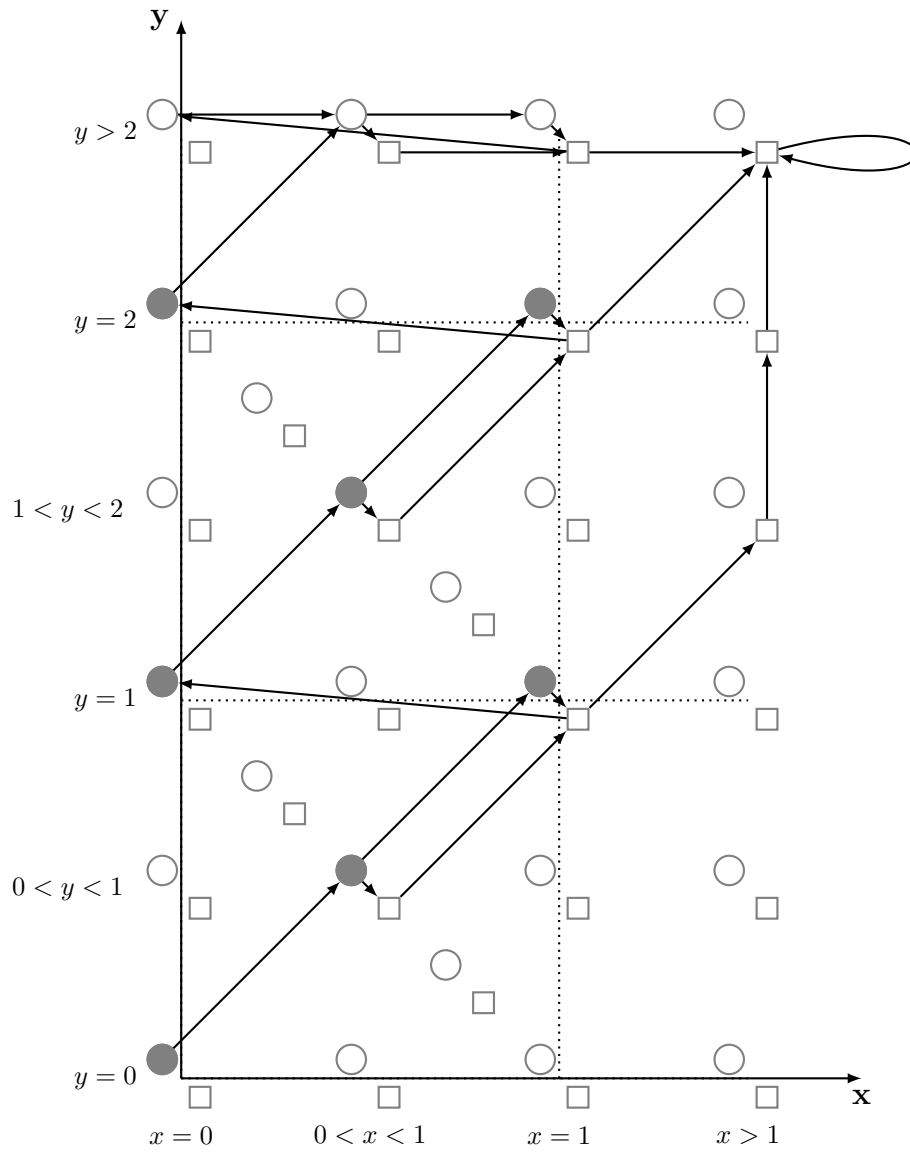
b) The *RTS* \mathcal{R} is specified as follows:



c) Model checking $\mathcal{R} \models_{CTL} \hat{\varphi}$
 Step 1: $\psi_1 = (y \leq 2) \wedge p$



Model checking $\mathcal{R} \models_{CTL} \hat{\phi}$
 Step 2: $\psi_2 = A(true \ U \ \psi_1)$



As for all initial states $\sigma = (l, \nu) \in \mathcal{R}$ with $\nu(y) = 0$ it holds that $\sigma \models \hat{\varphi}$, we conclude $\mathcal{R} \models_{CTL} \hat{\varphi}$, and thus $\mathcal{T} \models_{TCTL} \varphi$.